INFORMATION NOTE

Universal Periodic Review of **GUINEA**- Tuesday 20, January

21ST session of the UPR – Human Rights Council

Troika: ALBANIA- BANGLADESH- CONGO

Head of the Guinean Delegation:

Minister of Human Rights and Civil Liberties- Mr. Khalifa Gassama Diaby.

1. ALL RECOMMENDATIONS

Delegations	Recommendations
• PHILIPPINES	 Considering taking further steps towards the ratification of international human rights instruments that it is not yet a party to.
PORTUGALSIERRA LEONE	• Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil, Economic and Cultural Rights.
 SIERRA LEONE GHANA PORTUGAL URUGUAY GABON DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO MEXICO RWANDA ZIMBABWE AUSTRALIA EQUATORIAL GUINEA SLOVENIA VENEZUELA CHINA ITALY LUXEMBOURG TOGO BURUNDI CHILE EGYPT 	 Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women. Improve inter-institutional coordination across the civil society organizations, ministerial departments, and other national actors involved in the defense of women's rights. Accelerate the process to adopt the Gender Equality Bill in order to strengthen its efforts to address discrimination against women. Amend its Criminal Code to cover various forms of sexual violence, including marital rape and domestic violence; and enforce all legislation concerning women and girls. Strengthen the ongoing legislative processes regarding the equality between men and women. Continue to strengthen its successful national policies, to promote equality in the areas of education, health and employment of women and girls. Overcome prejudices against women and girls, and strive to eliminate stereotypes and harmful practices. Fight against sexual violence and female genital mutilation. Strengthen national legislation to combat domestic violence.

 U.K. BENIN URUGUAY AUSTRALIA ITALY LUXEMBOURG MONTENEGRO NAMIBIA PORTUGAL CHILE FRANCE TIMOR LESTE URUGUAY RWANDA SLOVENIA TURKEY SPAIN URUGUAY BENIN TOGO 	 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, with ultimate aim of abolishing the death penalty in all circumstances. Establishing a formal moratorium on the death penalty with a view to ratifying the Second Optional Protocol to the ICPPR. Consider taking all necessary steps to introduce a de jure moratorium on capital executions with a view to fully abolish the death penalty. Adopt legislative and normative measures towards the abolition of the death penalty and commute all those sentenced for prison sentences. Accelerate the ratification process of the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman and Degrading Treatment or Punishment. Review the status of implementation into domestic law of the
 TOGO MONTENEGRO COSTA RICA CZECH REPUBLIC DENMARK GABON GERMANY TUNISY GHANA VENEZUELA CHILE GERMANY ITALY GHANA SPAIN BRAZIL 	 Convention against Torture. Continue to promote the harmonization of laws, so as to make possible the legal framework necessary to implement the Convention against Torture. Accelerate and deepen investigations of complaints of torture and other ill-treatment. Intensify efforts to prosecute all alleged crimes of torture and illegal detention perpetrated by armed and security forces.
URUGUAYCABO VERDETUNISY	• Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance.
CABO VERDESLOVENIA	Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict.
• SLOVAKIA	Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a Communications Procedure.
 NETHERLANDS BRAZIL U.K. U.S. FRANCE GERMANY LUXEMBOURG NORWAY SPAIN 	 Fully align its national legislation with the Rome Statute of the ICC and continue full cooperation with the ICC in its preliminary investigation of the crimes committed on 28 September 2009 and its aftermath. Accept the visit of the Special Rapporteur on the promotion of truth, justice, reparation and guarantees of non-recurrence, with a view to providing accountability and redress for victims and their families regarding the events which took place in November 2009.

SWEDENCANADASLOVAKIABOTSWANA	 Accelerate judicial proceedings against the perpetrators of human rights violations committed in 2009, establish reparation mechanisms for victims and make operational the process of justice, truth and reconciliation. Strengthen its efforts in the fight against impunity. Ratify the Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the ICC and implement it fully at national level. Strengthen national legislation to combat child prostitution.
BOTSWANA ALBANIA	Strengthen national legislation to combat child trafficking .
 BOTSWANA TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO SLOVENIA SPAIN 	Strengthen national legislation to combat child labour.
COSTA RICA EGYPT FRANCE GABON GHANA INDONESIA NAMIBIA SIERRA LEONE SOUTH AFRICA SUDAN TIMOR LESTE CABO VERDE REPUBLIC KOREA MOROCCO	 Establish a strong and independent national human rights institution in conformity with the Paris Principles. Support the action of the Ministry of Human Rights and Civil Liberties. Develop targeted technical assistance programs to strengthen the national human rights architecture.
• TURKEY	 Update the national action plan for the implementation of the rights of the child, drafted in 2012.
• SLOVAKIA	• Establish a mechanism for the protection and support of victims aimed to enhance assistance to victims and witnesses.
• ALGERIA • GERMANY	Continue efforts towards national reconciliation.
COTE D'IVOIREPHILIPPINES	 Call upon the assistance of the UN bodies, in the context of the implementation of a comprehensive policy for children with sufficient resources and the reform of the Guinean Committee for the monitoring, protection and defense of the rights of the child. Continue its active engagement with its international and regional partners to implement technical cooperation and assistance programs on human rights protection.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC CHAD	Be helped by the international community.
 INDONESIA PORTUGAL SENEGAL SIERRA LEONE BRAZIL NIGER UNITED ARAB EMIRATES EQUATORIAL GUINEA TUNISY KUWAIT CHINA JAPAN THAILAND CUBA SINGAPORE INDIA MALAYSIA NAMIBIA CHINA 	 Continue utilizing the Inter-ministerial Standing Committee with a view to finalize other initial and periodic reports to various treaty bodies. Submit more regularly its reports to the treaty bodies. Reply positively to all pending requests by the UN human rights special procedures. Strengthen its cooperation with the human rights mechanisms, in particular with the special procedures. Continue its cooperation with various international organizations, particularly the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights. Continue collaboration to combat Ebola, guaranteeing the human rights of those people affected by the virus. Improve its public health care system. Improve access to health for the population. Redouble its efforts in ensuring greater access to maternal and child health care services for women and children including by providing necessary health infrastructure in rural and urban areas. Increase its efforts to combat HIV/AIDS.
BANGLADESH	 Strengthen health care education. Continue its national efforts, with the support and assistance of the international community, in the promotion and protection of human rights, particularly in the realization of economic, social and cultural rights of the people of Guinea.
ALBANIATURKEYCOTE D'IVOIREMEXICO	Take further measures to address the difficulties regarding the registration of children at birth and to implement a universal birth registration strategy.
ALBANIA EQUATORIAL GUINEA TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO BRUNEI DARUSSALAM SPAIN	 Consider adopting a comprehensive strategy addressing all forms of discrimination, particularly on promoting the rights of women, girls, and children with disabilities, children living in rural areas, children living in poverty, refugee children and children born out of wedlock. Follow-up on the implementation of guidelines to strengthen the promotion and protection of children's rights. Take steps to legally ensure equal rights of children born of incestuous relationships or born out of wedlock, according to Article 378 of the Civil Code.
• ITALY	 Not to adopt any discriminatory measures against people on the basis of their sexual orientation.
EGYPTETHIOPIAFRANCEGERMANYNORWAY	 Ensure that law enforcement officers receive training on human rights norms and standards. Further emphasize the prevention of excessive use of force through security forces, especially in the handling of protests and demonstrations, including adequate training of security

MEXICO SPAIN	 forces. Maintain close collaboration with the international system, in order to implement the decree established in 2012 on the rules of general discipline, by which human rights training could be provided to public officials. Intensify efforts in the fight against extrajudicial executions.
COMOROSSENEGALFRANCESLOVAKIA	Step up efforts to improve the conditions of detention.
CANADASWEDEN	 Take measures to prevent child, early and forced marriages, including through educational and advocacy campaigns to enforce existing legislation.
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO	 Raise awareness among religious leaders, magistrates and different political actors with a view to combat sociocultural factors which run counter to the harmonious development of Guinean society.
 PHILIPPINES INDIA U.S. ARGENTINA COMOROS CZECH REPUBLIC ETHIOPIA FRANCE GHANA IRELAND ITALY NETHERLANDS NORWAY PORTUGAL REPUBLIC OF KOREA SLOVENIA SOUTH AFRICA THAILAND TOGO ALGERIA BOTSWANA CHILE 	 Consider taking steps towards strict implementation of its laws prohibiting traditional practices harmful to women and children. Continue to implement and build on efforts to address female genital mutilation. Adopt a comprehensive strategy to fight against female genital mutilation, including the punishment of its perpetrators, educational and awareness-raising programs as well as medical support to those people affected.
ARGENTINA	Ensure effective access to justice.
SENEGALBOTSWANANICARAGUA	 Continue its efforts initiated to better protect the rights of vulnerable groups, particularly women and children. Provide particular attention to social groups which are in vulnerable situation, such as women, children, persons with disabilities and the elderly.

SINGAPOREU.S.BOTSWANA	Continue its efforts to strengthen the rule of law and good governance.
 U.K. JAPAN REPUBLIC OF KOREA AUSTRALIA BOTSWANA 	 Take further steps to bring to justice the perpetrators of human rights violations. Further strengthen its efforts against widespread impunity.
ANGOLAFRANCELUXEMBOURGNIGER	 Continue to reform the judicial and security systems. Pursue the reform of the justice sector by implementing the plan of priority actions, including for the improvement of conditions of detention. Continue its efforts of reform in the criminal justice system, from the police to the courts, through the prison administration.
 AUSTRALIA BOTSWANA CANADA GERMANY REPUBLIC OF KOREA IRELAND 	Strengthen measures to combat impunity within the security forces and enforcement personnel and bring all perpetrators to account.
• CANADA	 Take measures to ensure the independence of the judicial system over the executive, to ensure that the fight against corruption and the improvement of accountability are pursued.
 URUGUAY CZECH REPUBLIC FRANCE GERMANY IRELAND CANADA SLOVAKIA 	 Guarantee and ensure full freedom of expression, association and peaceful assembly of journalists, activists, human rights defenders and participants in demonstrations. Ensure the safety of journalists and independence of the media, including in the run-up to the elections, and the rigorous implementation of the Organic Law of 22 June 2010 on freedom of the press. Take the necessary measures to guarantee the right to peacefully demonstrate.
CZECH REPUBLIC	 Implement the recommendations of the 2013 election observation missions and ensure that elections in 2015 and beyond are free and fair and preceded by inclusive and free campaigning.
• NAMIBIA	 Take the requisite measures to increase the number of women in decision-making positions as per the quotas for in the Electoral Code of the country.
 VENEZUELA ZIMBABWE CUBA KUWAIT NICARAGUA SOUTH AFRICA BANGLADESH 	 Continue progress in the eradication of poverty, with the application of its sound special policies to improve the quality of life of its people, especially those most in need, with the necessary support of international cooperation. Strive to reduce hunger and poverty and guarantee the provision of basic necessities to vulnerable groups. Collaborate with UN institutions to develop the agricultural sector in order to meet the daily food needs of the population.

MOROCCO DJIBOUTY DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO	 Adopt an action plan for the employment of women and young people. Continue promoting the right to work including to reduce the unemployment rate.
 TURKEY ALBANIA EGYPT MALAYSIA NORWAY SLOVENIA TIMOR LESTE 	 Take the necessary measures to establish completely free primary education. Ensure equitable access to education and free education for all children, as well as promote the rights of girls to education. Ensure equal access to free and quality education for all children, and offer additional adult learning opportunities in order to increase literacy among the adult population. Step up its efforts to achieve universal primary education and increase educational opportunities for illiterate people.
• SUDAN • DJIBOUTI	Include human rights education in the school curricula.

2. ISSUES PERTAINING TO JUVENILE JUSTICE: NO MENTION